			UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 223 www.uspto.gov	Trademark Office OR PATENTS
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/751,390	01/05/2004	Johannes Kaeppeler	03345-P0046A	2672
24126 7590 01/11/2006			EXAMINER	
	TEWARD JOHNSTC	MACARTHUR, SYLVIA		
986 BEDFORD STREET STAMFORD, CT 06905-5619			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1763	
			DATE MAILED: 01/11/2000	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Commence	10/751,390	KAEPPELER, JOHANNES
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Sylvia R. MacArthur	1763
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	th the correspondence address
<ul> <li>A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING</li> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by s Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re n. eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' tatute, cause the application to become AB.	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\underline{C}$	<u> 15 January 2004</u> .	
	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for all	owance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice unc	ler <i>Ex parte Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the applica	tion.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exar	niner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 January 2004</u> is	/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊟ ot	pjected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:	eign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).
1. Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been received in Ap	oplication No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	priority documents have been	received in this National Stage
application from the International Bu		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not r	received.
Attachment(s)		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date
<ul> <li>a) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/5/2004</u>.</li> </ul>	·	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)
I.S. Patent and Trademark Office		

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Priority**

1. Applicant is advised of possible benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), wherein an application for patent filed in the United States may be entitled to the benefit of the filing date of a prior application filed in a foreign country.

2. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority based on an application filed in Germany on 07/4/2001. It is noted, however, that applicant has not filed a certified copy of the German application as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b).

Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority based on an application filed in Germany on 4/22/2002 It is noted, however, that applicant has not filed a certified copy of the PCT application as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lum et al (EP 0519608).

Regarding claim 1: Lum et al teaches a substrate holder of thermally anisotropic material used for enhancing uniformity of grown epitaxial layers. Lum teaches having a

HF heated substrate holder 12 made of conductive material for holding the substrate. The holder further comprises a zone 20,see abstract.

Regarding claim 2: Note that the zone 20 refers to an area taken up by the substrate, see Figs. 5 and 10.

Regarding claim 3: The insert piece 20 consists of coated graphite, see abstract.

5. Claims 1,2,4-7,10,11, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wollam (US 3,783,822).

Wollam teaches an apparatus for use in deposition of films from a vapor phase.

Regarding claim 1: Wollam teaches having an RF (a form a high frequency) heated substrate holder made of a conductive material (graphite) for holding the substrate. The holder further comprises a zone 102, see Fig. 6.

Regarding claim 2: Note that the zone 102 refers to an area taken up by the substrate 107, see Fig. 6.

Regarding claim 4: The holder of Wollam further includes substrate bearing disks 60-66 and disks 7-10, mounted on gas bearing 135/137 and each having an associated insert piece.

Regarding claim 5: The disks 6-10 consist of metal, specifically graphite according to col. 4 lines 20-56.

Regarding claim 6: Figs. 5 and 7 illustrate that the disks are disposed in a planetary fashion.

Regarding claim 7: Located in substrate bearing disk is located a gas bearig in a bearing recess, see Fig. 6

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Regarding claim 10: Col. 4 lines 20-55 teaches that the rf coil is below the substrate holder.

Regarding claim 11: The reactor is a cold-wall reactor according to Fig. 8 the reactor is heated by the radiant heating of the holder.

Regarding claim 13: Gas enters the reactor via pipe 94 according to col. 7 lines 29-34.

Claims 1-3 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gurary et al (US 6,368,404).

Regarding claim 1: Gurary et al teaches an induction heated CVD reactor.

Gurary et al teaches having a HF heated substrate holder 122 made of conductive

material for holding the substrate 134. The holder further comprises a zone ,see abstract.

Regarding claim 2: Note that the zone 130 refers to an area taken up by the substrate,

see Figs. 2 and 3.

Regarding claim 3: The insert piece 130 consists of coated graphite, see col.6 lines 43-54.

Regarding claim 8: A susceptor constructed of molybdenum is discussed in col. 6 lines 50-55.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wollam.
 The teachings of Wollam are discussed above.

Wollam fails teach that the inset piece is constructed of coated graphite. Wollam does teach the use of coated graphite as a material to construct the reactor at hi temperature ranges as those in col.4 lines 57-68. The motivation to utilize this material is cited by Wollam as these material are inert to process gases and do not produce undesirable gases/vapors. Thus, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the claimed invention to construct the holder of coated graphite.

 Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wollam in view of Gurary et al.

The teachings of Wollam were discussed above. Wollam fails to teach a holder made of the materials listed in claim 8.

The teachings of Gurary et al were discussed above. Namely, Gurary et al teaches a susceptor constructed of molybdenum is discussed in col. 6 lines 50-55. This citation teaches that molybdenum is a known suitable material of construction of holders especially when processing a high temperatures. Thus, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the claimed invention to provide molybdenum as the material to construct the holder of Wollam.

10. Claim 9 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wollam in view of Kaeppeler et al.

The teachings of Wollam were discussed above.

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Wollam fails to teach--

Regarding claim 9: Wollam et al fails to teach a holder surrounded by an HF coil.

Kaeppeler et al teaches a CVD reactor with a graphite foam susceptor.

The holder is surrounded by coil 13. The motivation to substitute the holder of Kaeppeler et al for the holder of Wollam is that the holder of Kaeppeler et al provides more uniform heating of the reactor and the substrate with improved insulation, see the abstract. Thus, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the claimed invention to substitute the holding apparatus of Kaeppeler et al for the holder of Wollam et al.

Regarding claim 12: Wollam et al fails to teach a tube reactor. Kaeppeler et al teaches a graohite tube 1. The motivation to use the tube as basis of geometric design for the reactor of Wollam et al is that the tube provides for a better insulation over the substrate than the conventional reactors due to the formation a sleeve with this geometry. Thus, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the claimed invention to provide the reactor of Wollam in the form of a tube as taught by Kaeppeler et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sylvia R. MacArthur whose telephone number is 571-272-1438. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F during the core hours of 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Parviz Hassanzadeh can be reached on 571-272-1435. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-<u>A</u>17-9197 (toll-free).

Syl∜ia R MacArthur

Patent Examiner Art Unit 1763

January 9, 2006